

Демоверсия работы по английскому языку для поступающих в 11 класс

I can clearly remember the first time I __1__ Mr. Andrews, my old headmaster, __2__ __3__. During the war, I had been __4__ school in the north of England but my family had just returned to London. __5__ for children to go to and my father had to go from __6__ asking them __7__ __8__ pupil. I used to go with him but he had __9__ hard time trying to persuade people __10__ him that I seldom had to do __11__. We had been to all the schools __12__ we lived, but __13__ my father argued, the more impossible it became. In the end, we went to a school __14__ from home. The headmaster __15__ for at least an hour. While we were waiting, I looked round that the __16__, __17__ was one of those old Victorian structures, completely __18__ but still standing. I could hear the boys playing in the playground outside. When the headmaster's secretary finally let us __19__ his office, Mr. Andrews spoke to me first. "Why do you want to come here?" he said. I had been thinking __20__ something about studying but I couldn't help __21__ the boys outside. "I don't know __22__ in London," I said. "I'd like __23__ with the other boys. I read a lot of books, too" I added. "All right," Mr. Andrews said. "We have one place free, __24__" My two years at that school were among the __25__ of my life.

1. A) met B) knew C) found D) discovered
2. A) even B) nevertheless C) although D) in spite
3. A) it's now since over 20 years B) it's over 20 years ago now
C) it's since more than 20 years now D) it makes more than 20 years now
4. A) in the B) in C) at D) at the
5. A) There were not enough schools left B) There were not still enough schools
C) There didn't stay enough schools D) Not enough schools rested
6. A) one to another B) each to other C) one to other D) the ones to the others
7. A) that they took me B) for taking me C) for to take me D) to take me
8. A) as B) as a C) like D) like a
9. A) such B) such a C) so D) a so
10. A) just for seeing B) just for to see C) even seeing D) even to see
11. A) no test B) one test C) any test D) some test
12. A) near where B) near C) near to D) near the place there
13. A) the most B) the more C) how much D) for how much
14. A) at five miles B) five miles long C) about five miles away D) about five miles far
15. A) kept us to wait B) kept us waiting C) made us to waiting D) made us waiting
16. A) building of the school B) building school C) school's building D) school building
17. A) which B) that C) what D) it
18. A) of the old time B) outside its time C) past its date D) out of date
19. A) to enter B) to pass in C) to come into D) into
20. A) of saying B) to say C) of telling D) to tell
21. A) to remember B) remembering C) to remind D) reminding
22. A) no one B) none C) someone D) anyone
23. A) that I played B) the play C) to play D) playing
24. A) in truth B) it's the truth C) in fact D) it's fact
25. A) happier B) happiest C) more happy D) most happy

"Excuse me, Mrs. Jones. Would you mind __26__ me a favor? I __27__ shopping. But as soon as I shut my front door I realized I had left my key in the house. So when I __28__ back I __29__ get in. It was very silly of me. I __30__ at all because all the groceries __31__ I only wanted some mustard. __32__ come in and climb over the fence into my back garden? That is very kind of you. I wish I __33__ give you so much trouble."

26. A) making B) doing C) to make D) to do
27. A) have just been B) have just gone C) would just go D) was just going
28. A) get B) am getting C) shall get D) will get
29. A) can't B) won't be able to C) haven't been able to D) couldn't

30. A) needn't have come out B) didn't need to come out
C) mustn't have come out D) hadn't to come out
31. A) have already been delivered B) already have delivered
C) are being delivered already D) already are being delivered
32. A) Shall I B) Will I C) May I D) Do you want me to
33. A) don't have to B) haven't to C) hadn't to D) didn't have to

Choose the correct answer. Only one answer is correct.

34. Would you _____ holding this box for me while I open the door?
A) like B) matter C) mind D) object
35. He is _____ dark glasses to protect his eyes from the sun.
A) carrying B) fitting C) bearing D) wearing
36. He has told to get off the bus because he couldn't pay the _____.
A) bill B) journey C) travel D) fare
37. They have put the bird in a cage to _____ it from flying away.
A) avoid B) prevent C) hinder D) resist
38. He has some very _____ habits. He always has a bath with his clothes on.
A) strange B) rare C) uneven D) foreign
39. The _____ outside the house said "Private".
A) advice B) label C) notice D) signal
40. If the boss sees you doing that, you'll get into _____.
A) trouble B) nuisance C) mess D) problem
41. I was so _____ by the news that I don't know what to say.
A) admired B) marveled C) amazed D) wondered
42. He's _____ because he has won the prize.
A) nervous B) satisfying C) excited D) exciting
43. He likes lying in bed. He still wasn't _____ when I rang him at 10 o'clock.
A) out B) away C) up D) in
44. If you don't know how to spell a word, look it _____ in the dictionary.
A) up B) after C) out D) for
45. He carries _____ as if he were the boss.
A) through B) off C) out D) on

In this series of questions, three words have the same sound but one does not. Choose one that does not.

46. A) dull B) bull C) wool D) pull
47. A) earth B) birth C) worth D) north
48. A) done B) none C) won D) son
49. A) warn B) dawn C) scorn D) barn
50. A) wise B) cries C) rice D) sighs

We arrived __51__ Spain for the first time __52__. And I decided to buy a car because we had sold __53__ we had in England before leaving. Yesterday the office rang us __54__ the car was ready. I had tried out a model __55__ it before but as I was __56__ in this city, my wife didn't __57__ it on my own so we went together to __58__. We paid __59__ and signed the papers. They told us that __60__ us to a garage, __61__ we could fill up. The __62__ the office was __63__ and we got there safely. But when I turned into the main road I suddenly saw a lot of cars racing towards me. I got __64__ __65__ by backing into the garage __66__ and the man behind me shouted at me. “ __67__ problem to __68__ on the right, isn't it?” my wife said. “Yes, if only I __69__ a few lessons for practice” I replied. “You __70__ go carefully __71__ home,” my wife said. “You'd be sorry if you had an accident __72__ the first day, __73__ “Would you __74__ me when you are thinking of leaving? Or are you going to sit in your car __75__ day?”

51. A) to B) in C) at D) on

52. A) few weeks since B) since a few weeks C) few weeks ago D) a few weeks ago

53. A) that B) which C) the one D) the one what

54. A) for saying B) to say C) for telling D) to tell

55. A) as B) like C) the same that D) similar

56. A) no longer used to driving B) still not used to drive C) not yet used to driving D) already not used to drive

57. A) want me to collect B) like me to collect C) want that I collected D) like that I collected

58. A) bring it B) take it C) fetch it D) carry it away

59. A) the car B) the car for C) for the car D) how much the car

60. A) there was enough petrol to take B) there was enough petrol for taking

C) it was enough petrol to take D) it was enough petrol for taking

61. A) where at B) there C) there where D) where

62. A) nearest garage at B) nearest garage to C) garage most near D) most near garage to

63. A) at 100 yards away B) at 100 yards far C) about 100 yards away D) about 100 yards far

64. A) away from their way B) away from their road C) out of their way D) out their road

65. A) as far as I could B) so fast as I could C) as fast s I may D) so fast as I may

66. A) once more B) one more time C) one other time D) another time

67. A) It's so much B) It's such a C) That's such a D) That's so much a

68. A) remind to drive B) remind driving C) remember to drive D) remember driving

69. A) would have B) would have had C) was having D) had had

70. A) had better B) would better C) had rather D) would better

71. A) in the way to B) on the way to C) in the way D) on the way

72. A) in B) on C) at D) by

73. A) hadn't you? B) shouldn't you C) wouldn't you? D) won't you?

74. A) mind to tell B) object telling C) mind telling D) upset to tell

75. A) every B) each C) all the D) all

“ I wonder why __76__ yet. I told Jim how to get here but perhaps I __77__ a map. The traffic __78__ them, of course. But I'm sure they would have telephoned us if they __79__ lost.” “Yes, but by the time they __80__ here , the dinner __81__. What a nuisance! I __82__ to all this trouble. __83__ getting everything ready.”

76. A) they didn't arrive B) didn't they arrive C) they haven't arrived D) haven't they arrived

77. A) should have given him B) had to give him C) ought to give him D) must have given him

78. A) can delay B) may delay C) can have delayed D) may have delayed

79. A) would get B) had got C) would have got D) would be got

80. A) will get B) would get C) get D) are getting

81. A) has been spoilt B) will be spoilt C) shall be spoilt D) is spilt

82. A) needn't have gone B) didn't need to go C) mustn't have gone D) hadn't to go

83. A) I am working for hours B) I have been working for hours

C) It's hours I'm working D) It's hours I've been working

Choose the correct Answer. Only one answer is correct.

84. He was killed in a car _____.
A) blow B) crash C) shock D) hit
85. All the hotel in the town was full up so we stayed in a _____ village.
A) close B) neighbor C) near D) nearby
86. He won the first _____ in the competition.
A) prize B) price C) reward D) premium
87. Sixty per cent of television viewers chose him as their _____ actor.
A) popular B) preferred C) favorite D) favored
88. We've been _____ with that firm for many years.
A) treating B) making business C) dealing D) supplying
89. I can't give you an answer yet. I'd like _____ more time to consider my decision.
A) quite B) fairly C) hardly D) rather
90. I learnt to _____ a bicycle when I was six years old.
A) drive B) ride C) guide D) conduct
91. The lady who had invited us heard me telling my wife that the dinner was terrible so I was _____.
A) confused B) nervous C) shameful D) embarrassed
92. Sometimes a bus _____ gets on the bus and checks the tickets.
A) inspector B) agent C) conductor D) officer
93. Where do you _____ the writing paper? In this desk.
A) keep B) hold C) maintain D) guard
94. PTO stands _____ "Please turn over"— the page, of course.
A) as B) like C) for D) by
95. He'll soon get _____ his disappointment and be quite cheerful again by the morning.
A) over B) out of C) away D) through
- In this series of questions, three words have the same sound but one does not. Choose one that does not.**
96. A) case B) phrase C) base D) lace
97. A) eight B) height C) weight D) freight
98. A) wrong B) young C) sung D) tongue
99. A) lower B) shower C) tower D) power
100. A) sound B) ground C) drowned D) owned

D Read the article about a festival. Match the paragraph (1-6) with the correct headings (A-H). Two headings do not match.

- A** ROWING TO VICTORY
- B** CUSTOMS FOR WELL-BEING
- C** FESTIVE SNACKS
- D** TRADITIONAL DECORATIONS

- E** SUMMERTIME ENTERTAINMENT
- F** GLOBAL CELEBRATIONS
- G** PREPARATIONS FOR THE EVENT
- H** A LEGENDARY FIGURE

The DRAGON Race



1 There are few festivals as dramatic and charming as the Dragon Boat Festival in China. The fun-filled event involves the racing of colourful boats in rivers across the country. As the Chinese calendar is based on the cycle of the moon, the festival can fall at any time from May until July. However, it tends to take place in June at the peak of the Chinese summer; an ideal time of year for water sports!

2 The purpose of the festival is to commemorate the Chinese minister Qu Yuan who served in the Emperor's court around 300 BC. He was respected for his loyalty to his country when he provided sound advice to the Emperor in difficult times. He was also a famous poet whose work continues to be read throughout China today. However, his life was cut short when he tragically drowned in the Miluo River in 278 BC.

3 After receiving news of his death, the local fishermen raced to retrieve Qu Yuan's body, but it was never found. This act thereby gave birth to the ritual of the dragon boat race. The race involves several teams of people aboard long, narrow boats. These boats are brightly-coloured and feature a dragon's head at the front. Participants row to the beat of a drum towards the finishing line, where the first team to retrieve a flag is declared the winner.

4 In addition to the race, the festival is also known for a special kind of dumpling called zongzi. This small, triangular-shaped dumpling is filled with sticky rice and then cooked in bamboo leaves. Different regions have their own variations of the dumpling; some use sweet fillings while others prefer meat or seafood. Either way, the result is a fragrant and tasty treat loved by adults and children alike!

5 As well as being a time of remembrance, the Dragon Boat Festival is also a celebration of health and longevity. As such, people clean their homes and climb mountains in search of herbs. These special leaves are then hung on their door frames in order to prevent disease. In addition, many people consume a drink made from realgar, a mineral thought to contain healing properties.

6 Although the Dragon Boat Festival originated in China, its significance as a celebration of health has caught on in all parts of the world! Each country has different ways of celebrating the event, such as kite-flying in Japan and washing their hair in flower-scented water in Korea. However, while their customs may vary, the festival as a symbol of national pride remains universal, drawing millions of people together year after year.